



The Labor Market Report

The Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development

Phil Bredesen,
Governor

James G. Neeley,
Commissioner

January 2007 Data

Special Points of Interest:

- Labor Surplus Areas in Tennessee
- 2006 Labor Market Report Directory
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1976 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

Inside This Issue:

Chattanooga MSA	7
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What are Labor Surplus Areas?

Employers located in labor surplus areas, as classified by the United States Department of Labor, can be given preference in bidding on federal government contracts. The purpose in providing such a preference is to help direct the government's procurement dollars into areas where people are in the most severe economic need, i.e., areas with the highest unemployment rate.

Labor surplus areas are classified by civil jurisdictions rather than metropolitan or labor market areas. Civil jurisdictions are now defined as all cities with a population of at least 25,000 and all counties. A civil jurisdiction becomes a labor surplus area when its average unemployment rate was

at least 20 percent above the average unemployment rate for all states (including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico) during the previous two calendar years. During periods of high national unemployment, the 20 percent ratio is disregarded. Instead an area is classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was 10 percent or more. This 10 percent ceiling concept comes into operation whenever the two-year average unemployment rate for all states is 8.3 percent or above. Similarly, a "floor" concept of 6 percent is used during periods of low national unemployment in order for an area to qualify as a labor surplus area. The 6 percent "floor" comes into effect whenever the average

unemployment rate for all states during the two-year reference period is 5 percent or less.

The reference period used in preparing the current list was January 2004 through December 2005. The national average unemployment rate during this period (including data for Puerto Rico) was 5.4 percent. After applying the 1.2 ratio, the threshold for fiscal year 2007 is 6.5 percent. Therefore, areas are included on the current annual labor surplus area listing because their unemployment rates during the reference period were above the threshold. The fiscal year 2007 classifications will be in effect from October 1, 2006, through September 30, 2007.

Eligible Labor Surplus Areas In Tennessee

Benton County	Hardin County	Meigs County
Bledsoe County	Haywood County	Memphis City
Carroll County	Henderson County	Morgan County
Clay County	Henry County	Morristown City
Cocke County	Houston County	Perry County
Columbia City	Humphreys County	Pickett County
Crockett County	Jackson City	Rhea County
Decatur County	Jackson County	Scott County
Fentress County	Johnson County	Stewart County
Gibson County	Kingsport City	Tipton County
Giles County	Lake County	Van Buren County
Greene County	Lauderdale County	Warren County
Grundy County	Lawrence County	Wayne County
Hancock County	Lewis County	Weakley County
Hardeman County	Marshall County	White County

2006 Labor Market Report Directory

Articles of interest published in the 2006 issues of The Labor Market Report are listed below. You may request copies by writing to the address on the back of this report or e-mailing us at tnlmi@state.tn.us. Back issues of The Labor Market Report are also on the Internet at <http://www.tennessee.gov/labor-wfd/lmr>.

JANUARY

- The 2005 LMR Directory. Articles published in the 2005 issues of The Labor Market Report.
- What are Labor Surplus Areas Classifications? A list of the Tennessee counties that are eligible labor surplus areas.

FEBRUARY

- Annual Population Estimates for Tennessee and Counties From 2002 to 2005 With Census 2000 Population Totals.

MARCH

- Per Capita Personal Income in MSAs, 2002 to 2004. This shows a list, sorted by per capita income, of the highest and lowest earnings places to live, as well as Tennessee metro areas.

APRIL

- High-Demand/High-Pay Occupations in Tennessee is a list of the 10 MSAs with the highest average pay occupations in each area and the employment for those occupations.

MAY

- A synopsis of the Education Study reported in the 2006 Economic Report to the Governor. Compares the expectation levels of high school students and parents with the actual results and combines the expectation levels with the actual behaviors to help make policy recommendations.

JUNE

- Annual Average Labor Force Employment for the Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs). This gives labor force, employment, and unemployment data for 2003 to 2005 as collected by the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Program.

JULY

- The American Community Survey 2005 Updates of Census 2000 for Tennessee. This is updated demographic data collected yearly to help offset the long-form census data collected every 10 years.

AUGUST

- Births, Deaths, and Net Migration Components of Population Changes in Tennessee from 2000 to 2005. This shows the population changes by county by providing the components of those changes.

SEPTEMBER

- Commonly Used Web Sites for Statistical Information. Also included is Job Bank USA, which is an online referral source, as well as wage data sites and the Consumer Price Index. All online publications from this division are included.

OCTOBER

- Foreign-Born Population in the Labor Force. This is a compilation of the numbers of naturalized citizens, permanent residents, undocumented persons, and refugees in Tennessee by gender. There is also a list of the foreign-born population in the southeastern states.

NOVEMBER

- The Number of Multiple Jobholders in the U.S. and in States, 2004 and 2005. Also included is demographic information on these moonlighters.

DECEMBER

- The ACCRA Cost-of-Living Index for Third Quarter, 2006. This is the cost of living in selected U.S. cities as figured by a survey from the nation's Chambers of Commerce Research Associations.

Statewide

HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Civilian Labor Force								
Year and Month	Total	Employment	Employed				Unemployed	
			Nonfarm Employment				Number	Rate (%)
			Total	**Manu- facturing	**Trade	**Services		
1977	1,939.0	1,816.7	1,648.1	507.5	357.2	254.5	122.3	6.3 %
1978	1,983.7	1,866.2	1,737.0	526.0	379.1	270.7	117.5	5.9
1979	2,040.5	1,918.5	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	122.0	6.0
1980	2,071.6	1,920.1	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	151.5	7.3
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1
2000	2,871.5	2,756.5	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	115.0	4.0
2001	2,859.7	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	131.2	4.6
2002	2,883.4	2,733.7	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	149.7	5.2
2003	2,892.0	2,727.5	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	164.5	5.7
2004	2,897.0	2,739.0	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	158.1	5.5
2005	2,909.6	2,747.6	2,743.1	408.8	454.6	1,005.6	161.9	5.6
2006	2,990.2	2,835.5	2,783.1	400.1	460.6	1,030.4	154.6	5.2
December(r)2006	3,021.1	2,884.7	2,816.5	393.9	475.9	1,042.0	136.4	4.5 %
2007								
January (p)	3,002.4	2,841.9	2,754.7	393.7	457.9	1,015.7	160.5	5.3 %
February								
March								
April								
May								
June								
July								
August								
September								
October								
November (r)								
December (p)								

(r)=revised

(p)=preliminary

Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

1990 because of change to NAICS coding system.

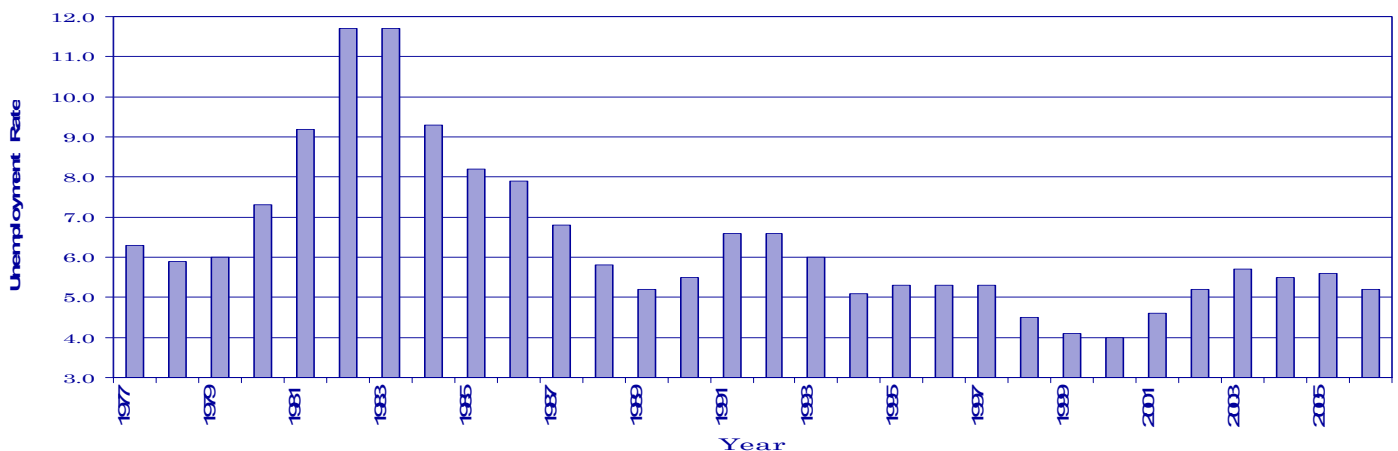
Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY*

County	Jan 2006	Jan 2007	County	Jan 2006	Jan 2007
Anderson	5.0	4.7	Lauderdale	8.3	7.1
Bedford	5.4	4.7	Lawrence	14.4	9.8
Benton	8.0	8.0	Lewis	9.4	8.3
Bledsoe	7.7	6.8	Lincoln	4.7	4.7
Blount	5.2	4.8	Loudon	4.8	4.5
Bradley	5.4	5.1	Macon	6.4	7.0
Campbell	6.5	6.2	Madison	5.6	5.7
Cannon	5.7	5.1	Marion	6.1	6.5
Carroll	7.1	7.6	Marshall	8.1	6.7
Carter	5.9	5.1	Maury	8.3	6.4
Cheatham	4.1	4.1	McMinn	6.2	6.1
Chester	6.1	6.3	McNairy	5.6	6.4
Claiborne	5.6	6.1	Meigs	8.6	7.2
Clay	15.2	9.4	Monroe	6.2	6.4
Coke	9.7	9.2	Montgomery	4.8	4.8
Coffee	5.7	5.5	Moore	5.2	4.7
Crockett	8.6	7.5	Morgan	6.8	6.6
Cumberland	7.6	7.6	Obion	6.0	6.1
Davidson	4.3	4.1	Overton	7.8	7.6
Decatur	8.5	7.3	Perry	6.9	7.0
DeKalb	6.0	5.2	Pickett	11.4	11.3
Dickson	5.2	4.7	Polk	6.9	5.3
Dyer	6.2	5.5	Putnam	5.7	5.3
Fayette	5.7	8.7	Rhea	7.2	7.5
Fentress	7.2	7.3	Roane	5.8	5.3
Franklin	6.1	5.9	Robertson	4.5	4.5
Gibson	8.6	7.9	Rutherford	4.3	4.1
Giles	8.7	7.4	Scott	6.4	7.8
Grainger	6.6	6.7	Sequatchie	5.4	6.3
Greene	9.3	8.2	Sevier	9.4	8.7
Grundy	9.5	7.7	Shelby	5.9	5.7
Hamblen	6.2	5.4	Smith	6.3	6.2
Hamilton	4.9	4.4	Stewart	8.8	7.5
Hancock	7.9	7.1	Sullivan	5.0	4.6
Hardeman	7.7	7.7	Sumner	4.3	4.3
Hardin	6.9	6.8	Tipton	6.0	5.9
Hawkins	6.5	5.8	Trousdale	6.0	6.2
Haywood	7.6	7.1	Unicoi	7.6	7.2
Henderson	7.8	7.2	Union	5.6	5.1
Henry	8.5	8.2	Van Buren	10.0	7.9
Hickman	6.5	5.7	Warren	11.0	7.6
Houston	9.2	6.9	Washington	4.9	4.6
Humphreys	7.6	6.7	Wayne	14.1	9.5
Jackson	8.6	8.6	Weakley	6.2	6.0
Jefferson	7.2	7.0	White	11.0	7.4
Johnson	9.0	8.0	Williamson	4.2	3.4
Knox	4.2	3.9	Wilson	4.5	4.4
Lake	8.8	7.2			

*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

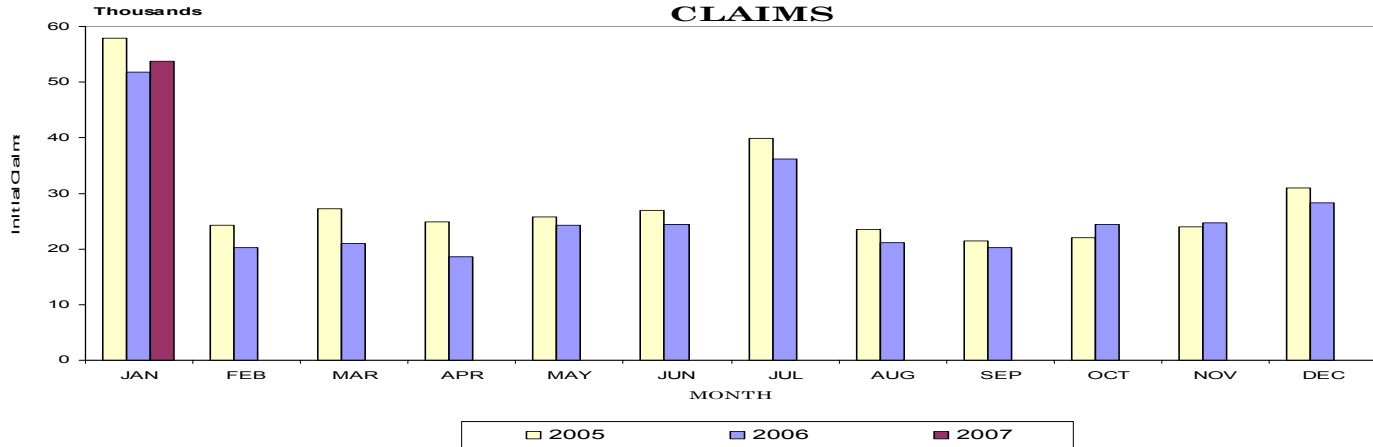
Unemployment Rates 1977-2006



Statewide

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



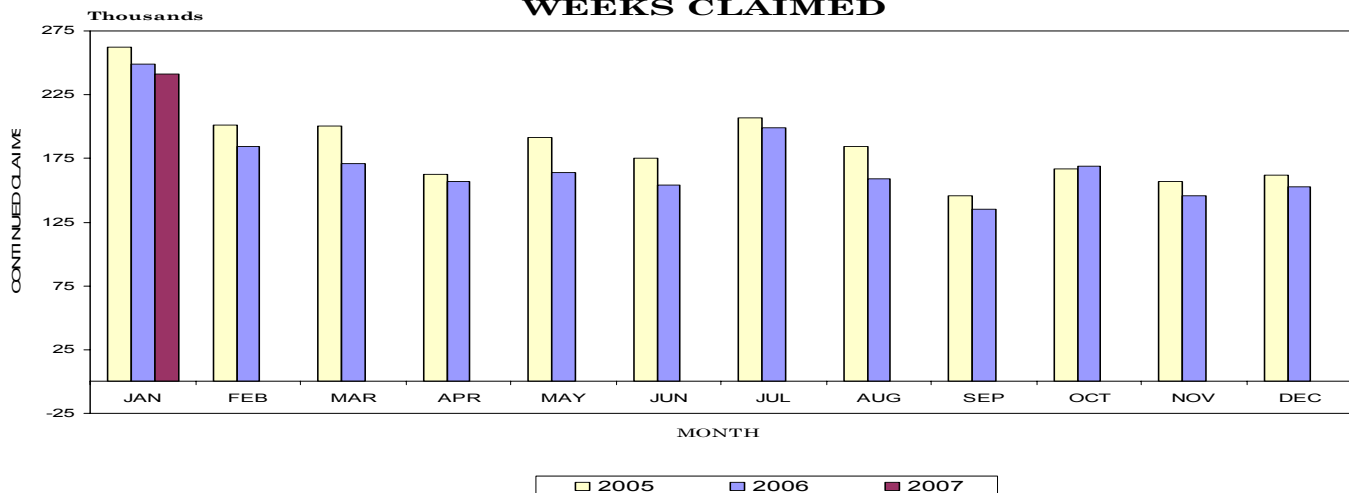
BENEFIT PROGRAMS

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Initial Claims	51,838	28,350	53,694	Benefits Paid	\$563,243	\$391,594	\$451,587
Continued Weeks Claimed	249,105	152,606	240,994	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,919	1,398	1,546
Nonmonetary Determinations	5,590	4,765	4,817	Initial Claims	185	119	163
Appeals Decisions	1,774	1,417	1,725	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,168	1,375	1,671
Lower Authority	1,479	1,180	1,468	Appeals Decisions	6	6	8
Higher Authority	295	237	257				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$45,522,878	\$32,592,608	\$45,530,169	Benefits Paid	\$1,004,920	\$407,494	\$516,412
Benefit Weeks Paid	216,615	144,639	217,342	Benefit Weeks Claimed	3,135	1,442	1,765
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$213	\$220	\$219	Initial Claims	291	127	168
First Payments	24,313	11,518	24,332	Continued Weeks Claimed	3,326	1,506	1,838
Final Payments	4,607	3,622	4,931	Appeals Decisions	3	4	2
Average Weeks Duration	14	14	14				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$599,245,511	\$626,515,459	\$601,128,479				

*Trust Fund includes a one-time deposit in March 2002 of \$162 million of Reed Act funds.

CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	January 2006	December 2006	January 2007	Jan. 2006 Jan. 2007	Dec. 2006 Jan. 2007
Total Nonfarm	2,727.1	2,816.5	2,754.7	27.6	-61.8
Total Private	2,315.1	2,395.4	2,342.4	27.3	-53.0
Goods-Producing	530.3	531.2	528.3	-2.0	-2.9
Natural Resources & Mining	3.9	4.1	3.9	0.0	-0.2
Construction	122.5	133.2	130.7	8.2	-2.5
Manufacturing	403.9	393.9	393.7	-10.2	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	253.1	248.7	248.9	-4.2	0.2
Wood Product Manufacturing	17.9	18.1	17.9	0.0	-0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	16.0	16.7	16.5	0.5	-0.2
Primary Metal Manufacturing	11.8	11.5	11.4	-0.4	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	43.6	44.2	44.7	1.1	0.5
Machinery Manufacturing	33.9	30.8	32.6	-1.3	1.8
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	9.8	9.1	8.9	-0.9	-0.2
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Mfg.	23.4	23.7	23.5	0.1	-0.2
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	63.3	62.6	62.1	-1.2	-0.5
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	37.1	36.3	35.8	-1.3	-0.5
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	18.5	17.3	17.0	-1.5	-0.3
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	14.9	14.7	14.3	-0.6	-0.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	150.8	145.2	144.8	-6.0	-0.4
Textile Mills, Products, & Apparel	16.8	15.9	15.1	-1.7	-0.8
Food Manufacturing	34.9	33.7	33.7	-1.2	0.0
Animal Slaughtering & Processing	12.0	11.9	12.0	0.0	0.1
Bakeries & Tortilla Manufacturing	7.6	7.4	7.3	-0.3	-0.1
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.3	5.0	4.8	-0.5	-0.2
Paper Manufacturing	18.4	18.1	18.1	-0.3	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	17.7	17.6	16.9	-0.8	-0.7
Chemical Manufacturing	26.3	25.9	25.4	-0.9	-0.5
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	29.1	26.4	28.3	-0.8	1.9
Plastics Product Manufacturing	15.0	15.1	15.1	0.1	0.0
Rubber Product Manufacturing	14.1	11.3	13.2	-0.9	1.9
Service-Providing	2,196.8	2,285.3	2,226.4	29.6	-58.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	598.3	626.3	604.5	6.2	-21.8
Wholesale Trade	130.0	133.9	132.5	2.5	-1.4
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	67.3	69.6	68.9	1.6	-0.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	46.5	47.2	46.8	0.3	-0.4
Wholesale Electronic Markets	16.2	17.1	16.8	0.6	-0.3
Retail Trade	323.2	342.0	325.4	2.2	-16.6
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	42.8	43.9	43.0	0.2	-0.9
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	10.2	10.6	10.0	-0.2	-0.6
Building Material, Garden Equipment, &	26.3	28.3	28.0	1.7	-0.3
Food & Beverage Stores	44.9	47.4	45.6	0.7	-1.8
Health & Personal Care Stores	22.4	23.5	23.0	0.6	-0.5
Gasoline Stations	23.9	24.1	23.9	0.0	-0.2
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	30.3	33.6	29.3	-1.0	-4.3
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.6	13.9	12.8	0.2	-1.1
General Merchandise Stores	71.9	76.4	71.9	0.0	-4.5
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	17.3	18.2	16.9	-0.4	-1.3
Nonstore Retailers	11.6	12.2	11.9	0.3	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	145.1	150.4	146.6	1.5	-3.8
Utilities	3.5	3.4	3.4	-0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	141.6	147.0	143.2	1.6	-3.8
Truck Transportation	62.2	65.6	64.2	2.0	-1.4
Information	49.1	50.8	50.6	1.5	-0.2
Publishing Industries (except internet)	14.5	14.4	14.4	-0.1	0.0
Telecommunications	15.5	16.8	16.9	1.4	0.1
Financial Activities	142.5	145.1	143.3	0.8	-1.8
Finance & Insurance	106.6	108.1	106.9	0.3	-1.2
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	35.9	37.0	36.4	0.5	-0.6
Professional & Business Services	310.9	329.3	314.6	3.7	-14.7
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	107.1	109.5	108.4	1.3	-1.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	23.5	24.2	23.5	0.0	-0.7
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	180.3	195.6	182.7	2.4	-12.9
Educational & Health Services	332.6	343.5	340.2	7.6	-3.3
Educational Services	43.6	47.0	44.6	1.0	-2.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	289.0	296.5	295.6	6.6	-0.9
Ambulatory Health Care Services	107.0	111.4	110.6	3.6	-0.8
Hospitals	90.1	90.5	91.0	0.9	0.5
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	51.5	53.3	52.6	1.1	-0.7
Social Assistance	40.4	41.3	41.4	1.0	0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	252.7	268.5	261.4	8.7	-7.1
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	25.1	27.8	26.5	1.4	-1.3
Accommodation & Food Services	227.6	240.7	234.9	7.3	-5.8
Accommodation	32.2	34.1	32.8	0.6	-1.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	195.4	206.6	202.1	6.7	-4.5
Other Services	98.7	100.7	99.5	0.8	-1.2
Repair & Maintenance	21.9	21.6	22.0	0.1	0.4
Personal & Laundry Services	23.8	25.1	24.3	0.5	-0.8
Government	412.0	421.1	412.3	0.3	-8.8
Federal Government	48.6	48.8	48.4	-0.2	-0.4
State Government	93.2	98.7	93.2	0.0	-5.5
State Government Educational Services	45.4	49.9	45.5	0.1	-4.4
Local Government	270.2	273.6	270.7	0.5	-2.9
Local Government Educational Services	140.4	142.9	140.7	0.3	-2.2

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Industry	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	\$552.95	\$549.24	\$547.45
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$542.27	\$540.94	\$543.84
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$612.12	\$616.40	\$634.68
Machinery Manufacturing	\$548.63	\$610.10	\$598.94
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$573.03	\$561.72	\$554.20
Food Manufacturing	\$456.65	\$436.69	\$435.60

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

Industry	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	39.3	39.4	39.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	38.9	39.6	39.9
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	39.8	40.0	41.0
Machinery Manufacturing	40.4	44.5	44.3
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	40.1	38.9	38.3
Food Manufacturing	36.3	36.3	36.0

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Industry	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	\$14.07	\$13.94	\$13.93
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.94	\$13.66	\$13.63
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$15.38	\$15.41	\$15.48
Machinery Manufacturing	\$13.58	\$13.71	\$13.52
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$14.29	\$14.44	\$14.47
Food Manufacturing	\$12.58	\$12.03	\$12.10

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for January 2007 was 4.8 percent, down 0.1 percent from the December 2006 rate. This is the fourth consecutive month that the current rate is greater than the national average.

The United States' unemployment rate was 4.6 percent in January 2007. In January 2006, the national unemployment rate was 4.7 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.2 percent.

Across Tennessee, the unemployment rate increased in all 95 counties. The lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 3.4 percent, up 0.4 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Pickett County's 11.3 percent, up from 9.3 percent in December 2006.

(Continued on Page 6)

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

January 2006					December 2006				January 2007			
Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate		Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	150,122,000	143,099,000	7,023,000	4.7	152,775,000	145,926,000	6,849,000	4.5	152,974,000	145,957,000	7,017,000	4.6
TENNESSEE	2,960,500	2,805,800	154,700	5.2	3,003,800	2,856,200	147,600	4.9	3,031,500	2,886,300	145,200	4.8
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	149,090,000	141,481,000	7,608,000	5.1	152,571,000	146,081,000	6,491,000	4.3	151,924,000	144,275,000	7,649,000	5.0
TENNESSEE	2,931,900	2,763,800	168,000	5.7	3,021,100	2,884,700	136,400	4.5	3,002,400	2,841,900	160,500	5.3
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	251,820	239,910	11,910	4.7	262,520	252,540	9,990	3.8	261,760	250,290	11,470	4.4
Clarksville	105,170	99,100	6,070	5.8	109,200	103,990	5,210	4.8	108,870	102,820	6,050	5.6
Cleveland	53,410	50,400	3,010	5.6	55,510	53,110	2,400	4.3	55,200	52,380	2,810	5.1
Jackson	53,890	50,810	3,070	5.7	56,140	53,390	2,750	4.9	55,550	52,350	3,200	5.8
Johnson City	95,090	89,960	5,140	5.4	98,200	93,850	4,350	4.4	96,840	92,030	4,810	5.0
Kingsport-Bristol	142,160	134,870	7,280	5.1	144,500	138,500	6,000	4.2	144,600	137,530	7,070	4.9
Knoxville	340,040	324,620	15,430	4.5	351,910	339,400	12,500	3.6	348,430	333,870	14,560	4.2
Memphis	601,280	565,360	35,910	6.0	619,790	588,100	31,690	5.1	612,010	577,290	34,710	5.7
Morristown	63,970	59,730	4,250	6.6	65,640	62,430	3,220	4.9	65,420	61,360	4,060	6.2
Nashville	753,070	719,620	33,450	4.4	781,080	752,790	28,290	3.6	770,770	738,360	32,410	4.2
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	24,210	22,710	1,500	6.2	25,030	23,760	1,270	5.1	25,070	23,540	1,530	6.1
Brownsville	9,480	8,760	720	7.6	9,640	9,000	640	6.6	9,880	9,180	710	7.1
Columbia	35,960	32,970	2,990	8.3	36,580	34,980	1,600	4.4	36,520	34,180	2,340	6.4
Cookeville	49,350	46,190	3,160	6.4	50,830	48,110	2,730	5.4	50,360	47,260	3,090	6.1
Crossville	22,400	20,710	1,700	7.6	22,550	21,060	1,480	6.6	22,820	21,070	1,740	7.6
Dyersburg	17,300	16,220	1,080	6.2	17,470	16,620	850	4.9	17,420	16,460	960	5.5
Greeneville	32,480	29,480	3,010	9.3	32,720	30,360	2,360	7.2	33,010	30,300	2,710	8.2
Harriman	26,100	24,590	1,510	5.8	26,870	25,630	1,240	4.6	26,920	25,480	1,440	5.3
Humboldt	20,910	19,100	1,810	8.6	21,340	19,770	1,570	7.4	21,310	19,630	1,690	7.9
LaFollette	16,390	15,320	1,060	6.5	16,690	15,780	910	5.4	16,570	15,540	1,030	6.2
Lawrenceburg	17,070	14,610	2,460	14.4	16,920	15,430	1,490	8.8	16,960	15,290	1,670	9.8
Lewisburg	12,550	11,530	1,020	8.1	12,750	12,080	670	5.2	12,860	12,000	860	6.7
Martin	15,510	14,550	960	6.2	16,060	15,200	850	5.3	16,110	15,140	970	6.0
McMinnville	18,240	16,240	2,000	11.0	17,860	16,650	1,210	6.7	18,030	16,670	1,360	7.6
Newport	15,930	14,390	1,540	9.7	16,260	15,270	990	6.1	16,480	14,970	1,520	9.2
Paris	14,100	12,900	1,190	8.5	14,040	13,150	890	6.4	14,280	13,110	1,170	8.2
Sevierville	45,030	40,800	4,220	9.4	46,720	44,650	2,070	4.4	46,500	42,460	4,040	8.7
Shelbyville	21,430	20,270	1,160	5.4	22,410	21,450	960	4.3	22,520	21,460	1,050	4.7
Tullahoma	48,440	45,610	2,840	5.9	48,950	46,580	2,370	4.8	48,800	46,070	2,740	5.6
Union City	18,170	17,020	1,160	6.4	19,140	18,070	1,070	5.6	18,810	17,630	1,190	6.3

(Continued from Page 5) Total nonfarm employment increased by 27,600 jobs from January 2006 to January 2007. During this period, there were increases in construction (up 8,200 jobs); educational/health services (up 7,600 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,600 jobs in health care/social assistance; accommodation/food services (up 7,300 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,700 jobs in food services/drinking; professional/business services (up 3,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 2,400 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; wholesale trade (up 2,500 jobs), which includes an increase of

1,600 jobs in durable goods merchant wholesalers; retail trade (up 2,200 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,700 jobs in building material/garden equipment/supplies; and truck transportation (up 2,000 jobs). This was partially offset by declines in manufacturing of 1,700 jobs in textile mills/products/apparel; 1,500 jobs in furniture/related product; 1,300 jobs in both motor vehicle parts and machinery; and 1,200 jobs in food.

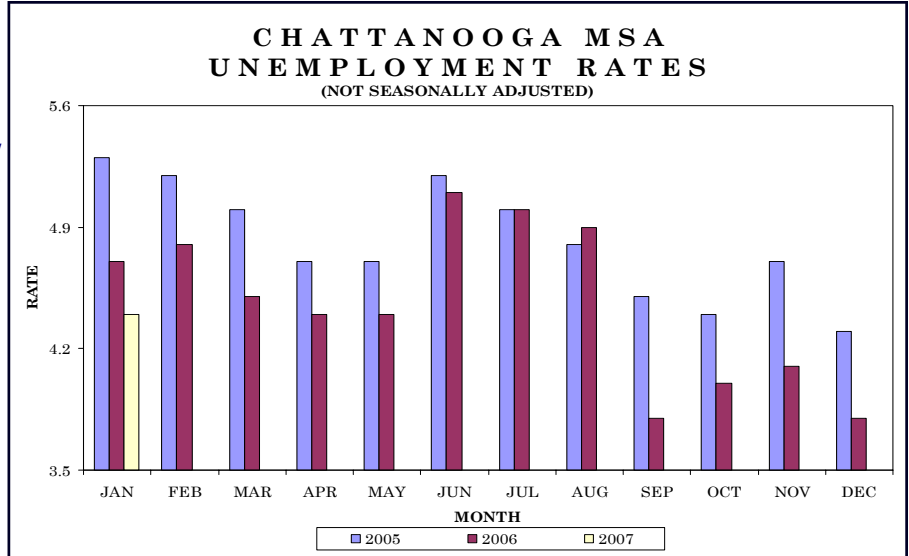
During January, nonfarm employment decreased by 61,800 jobs. There were seasonal declines in retail trade (down 16,600 jobs),

which includes decreases of 4,500 jobs in general merchandise stores and 4,300 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; professional/scientific/technical services (down 14,700 jobs), which includes a drop of 12,900 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; leisure/hospitality (down 7,100 jobs), which includes a decline of 5,800 jobs in accommodation/food services; state government (down 5,500 jobs); and transportation/warehousing (down 3,800 jobs), which includes a drop of 1,400 in truck transportation.

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables includes all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data is based on the 2005 benchmark.

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 3,200 jobs from December 2006 to January 2007. There were seasonal declines in retail trade (down 1,300 jobs), which includes a drop of 300 jobs in general merchandise stores; 400 jobs in state government; 300 jobs in both educational/health services and leisure/hospitality; and 200 jobs in natural resources/mining/construction.

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 7,700 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,200, and service-providing jobs increased by 6,500.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

CHATTANOOGA MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	\$528.49	\$542.75	\$539.31	41.0	41.4	41.2	\$12.89	\$13.11	\$13.09
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$548.63	\$573.83	\$578.86	39.9	40.9	41.2	\$13.75	\$14.03	\$14.05
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$509.09	\$508.67	\$496.05	41.9	41.9	41.2	\$12.15	\$12.14	\$12.04

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

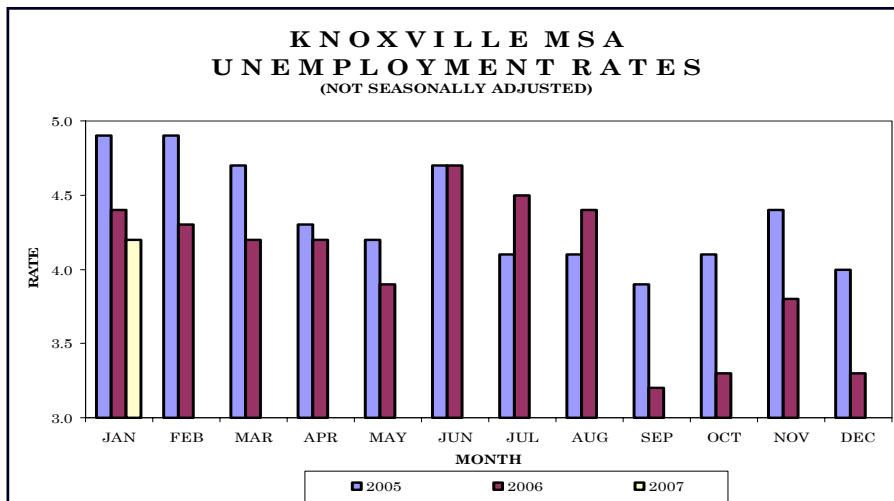
Industry	January 2006	Revised December 2006	Preliminary January 2007	Jan. 2006 Jan. 2007	Net Change Dec. 2006 Jan. 2007
	2006	2006	2007		
Total Nonfarm	238.1	249.0	245.8	7.7	-3.2
Total Private	204.6	213.5	210.9	6.3	-2.6
Goods-Producing	45.9	47.3	47.1	1.2	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	11.0	11.8	11.6	0.6	-0.2
Manufacturing	34.9	35.5	35.5	0.6	0.0
Durable Goods Manufacturing	16.2	16.5	16.6	0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	18.7	19.0	18.9	0.2	-0.1
Textile Mills	4.3	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing	192.2	201.7	198.7	6.5	-3.0
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	55.1	58.1	56.6	1.5	-1.5
Wholesale Trade	8.8	8.9	8.8	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	26.3	28.3	27.0	0.7	-1.3
General Merchandise Stores	6.6	7.1	6.8	0.2	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	20.0	20.9	20.8	0.8	-0.1
Information	2.8	3.7	3.7	0.9	0.0
Financial Activities	18.8	18.8	18.7	-0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	25.7	27.7	27.6	1.9	-0.1
Educational & Health Services	24.8	25.5	25.2	0.4	-0.3
Leisure & Hospitality	20.9	21.6	21.3	0.4	-0.3
Accommodation & Food Services	18.8	19.6	19.4	0.6	-0.2
Other Services	10.6	10.8	10.7	0.1	-0.1
Government	33.5	35.5	34.9	1.4	-0.6
Federal Government	6.3	6.4	6.3	0.0	-0.1
State Government	5.7	6.3	5.9	0.2	-0.4
Local Government	21.5	22.8	22.7	1.2	-0.1



Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 5,600 jobs from December 2006 to January 2007. There were seasonal declines in retail trade (down 1,500 jobs), which includes a drop of 600 jobs in general merchandise stores and 200 jobs in food/beverage stores; accommodation/food services (down 1,000 jobs), which includes a drop of 900 jobs in food services/drinking places; administrative/support/waste management and state government (both down 800 jobs); educational/health services (down 400 jobs); local government (down 300 jobs); and other services, transportation/warehousing/utilities, and financial activities (all down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 6,200 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs increased by 1,200, while service-providing jobs increased by 5,000.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

KNOXVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Dec.	Jan.
	2006	2006	2007	2006	2006	2007	2006	2006	2007
Manufacturing	\$606.79	\$629.61	\$630.82	38.6	39.4	39.5	\$15.72	\$15.98	\$15.97
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$661.69	\$688.25	\$684.14	38.9	39.6	39.5	\$17.01	\$17.38	\$17.32
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$480.19	\$494.70	\$511.53	37.9	38.8	39.5	\$12.67	\$12.75	\$12.95

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

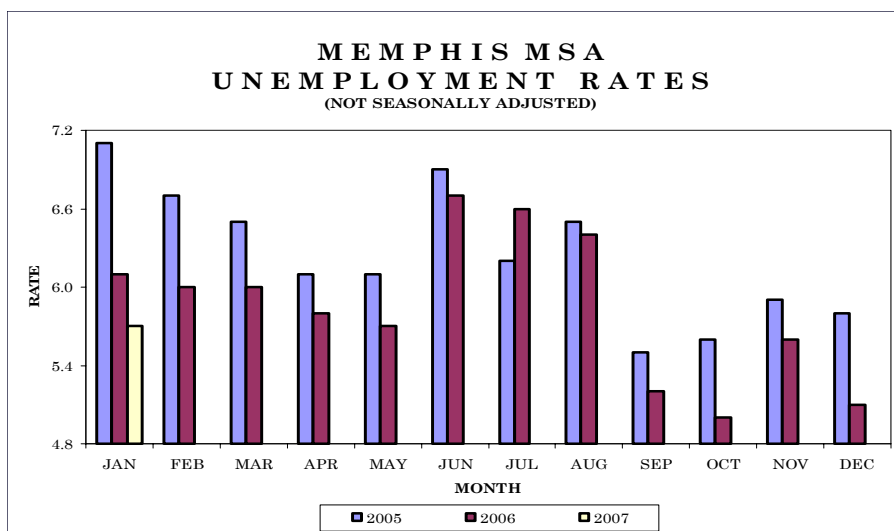
Industry	January 2006	Revised December 2006	Preliminary January 2007	Net Change	
				Jan. 2006 Jan. 2007	Dec. 2006 Jan. 2007
Total Nonfarm	325.3	337.1	331.5	6.2	-5.6
Total Private	273.4	283.5	279.1	5.7	-4.4
Goods-Producing	55.6	57.0	56.8	1.2	-0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	16.7	18.3	18.3	1.6	0.0
Manufacturing	38.9	38.7	38.5	-0.4	-0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	29.2	28.8	28.7	-0.5	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	8.8	8.7	8.7	-0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	9.1	8.8	8.8	-0.3	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.7	9.9	9.8	0.1	-0.1
Service-Providing	269.7	280.1	274.7	5.0	-5.4
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	69.5	73.4	71.8	2.3	-1.6
Wholesale Trade	15.5	15.7	15.8	0.3	0.1
Retail Trade	43.2	46.1	44.6	1.4	-1.5
Food & Beverage Stores	5.9	6.7	6.5	0.6	-0.2
General Merchandise Stores	8.7	9.4	8.8	0.1	-0.6
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10.8	11.6	11.4	0.6	-0.2
Information	6.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	17.2	17.5	17.3	0.1	-0.2
Professional & Business Services	38.5	39.4	38.6	0.1	-0.8
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	18.6	19.5	18.7	0.1	-0.8
Educational & Health Services	39.9	41.0	40.6	0.7	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	33.1	35.2	34.2	1.1	-1.0
Accommodation & Food Services	30.3	32.1	31.1	0.8	-1.0
Food Services & Drinking Places	27.7	29.4	28.5	0.8	-0.9
Other Services	13.6	14.0	13.8	0.2	-0.2
Government	51.9	53.6	52.4	0.5	-1.2
Federal Government	5.1	5.1	5.0	-0.1	-0.1
State Government	19.0	20.1	19.3	0.3	-0.8
Local Government	27.8	28.4	28.1	0.3	-0.3



Memphis MSA - TN - Fayette, Shelby, Tipton. AR - Crittenden. MS - DeSoto, Marshall, Tate, Tunica

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 11,300 jobs from December 2006 to January 2007. There were seasonal declines in administrative/support/waste management (down 4,000 jobs); retail trade (down 3,100 jobs), which includes a drop of 1,000 jobs in general merchandise stores; transportation/warehousing/utilities, food services/drinking places and professional/scientific/technical services (all down 1,000 jobs); natural resources/mining/construction (down 900 jobs); local government (down 700 jobs); nondurable goods manufacturing and state government (both down 400 jobs); wholesale trade (down 300 jobs); and other services and educational/health services (both down 200 jobs).

This was partially offset by an increase in durable goods manufacturing (up 1,800 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

MEMPHIS MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	\$628.59	\$604.09	\$617.85	41.3	40.9	41.3	\$15.22	\$14.77	\$14.96
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$533.69	\$518.76	\$478.11	39.3	38.2	35.6	\$13.58	\$13.58	\$13.43
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$717.55	\$680.68	\$748.86	43.2	43.3	46.6	\$16.61	\$15.72	\$16.07

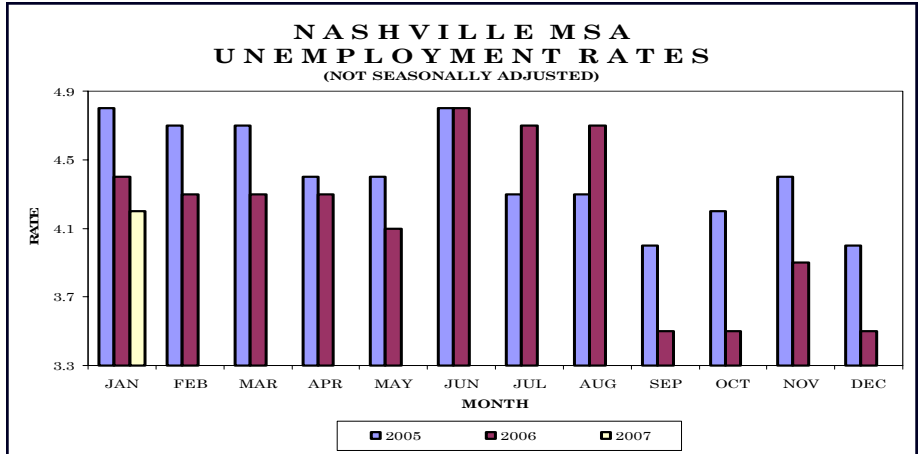
ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2006	Revised December 2006	Preliminary January 2007	Net Change	
	2006	2006	2007	Jan. 2006 Jan. 2007	Dec. 2006 Jan. 2007
Total Nonfarm	627.8	648.3	637.0	9.2	-11.3
Total Private	539.3	558.7	548.6	9.3	-10.1
Goods-Producing	79.9	80.2	80.7	0.8	0.5
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	25.8	27.7	26.8	1.0	-0.9
Manufacturing	54.1	52.5	53.9	-0.2	1.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	26.7	25.0	26.8	0.1	1.8
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	27.4	27.5	27.1	-0.3	-0.4
Service-Providing	547.9	568.1	556.3	8.4	-11.8
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	173.6	180.0	175.6	2.0	-4.4
Wholesale Trade	37.3	38.0	37.7	0.4	-0.3
Retail Trade	72.4	76.7	73.6	1.2	-3.1
Food & Beverage Stores	9.6	9.8	9.6	0.0	-0.2
General Merchandise Stores	14.3	15.2	14.2	-0.1	-1.0
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	63.9	65.3	64.3	0.4	-1.0
Truck Transportation	15.2	15.9	15.7	0.5	-0.2
Warehousing & Storage	8.1	8.1	8.1	0.0	0.0
Information	7.3	7.5	7.5	0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	32.7	32.9	32.8	0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	79.2	85.7	80.7	1.5	-5.0
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	20.3	21.0	20.0	-0.3	-1.0
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.9	4.7	4.7	-0.2	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	54.0	60.0	56.0	2.0	-4.0
Educational & Health Services	75.0	76.5	76.7	1.7	0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	64.9	65.6	65.6	0.7	0.0
Hospitals	25.2	24.8	24.8	-0.4	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	67.5	71.3	70.2	2.7	-1.1
Accommodation & Food Services	60.6	64.0	63.0	2.4	-1.0
Food Services & Drinking Places	42.2	44.9	43.9	1.7	-1.0
Other Services	24.1	24.6	24.4	0.3	-0.2
Government	88.5	89.6	88.4	-0.1	-1.2
Federal Government	14.7	14.7	14.6	-0.1	-0.1
State Government	15.6	16.1	15.7	0.1	-0.4
Local Government	58.2	58.8	58.1	-0.1	-0.7



Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 15,500 jobs from December 2006 to January 2007. There were seasonal declines in professional/business services (down 5,700 jobs), which includes a drop of 4,700 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; retail trade (down 4,900 jobs), which includes a drop of 900 jobs in general merchandise stores and 400 jobs in food/beverage stores; food services/drinking places (down 1,500 jobs); transportation/warehousing/utilities (down 1,000 jobs); finance/insurance and nondurable goods manufacturing (both down 500 jobs); wholesale trade (down 400 jobs); natural resources/mining/construction (down 300 jobs); and educational services and information (both down 200 jobs). This was partially offset by an increase in state government (up 300 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

NASHVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007	Jan. 2006	Dec. 2006	Jan. 2007
Manufacturing	\$574.17	\$592.92	\$584.21	39.3	40.5	39.5	\$14.61	\$14.64	\$14.79
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$604.91	\$606.23	\$595.01	40.9	41.1	39.8	\$14.79	\$14.75	\$14.95
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$509.76	\$565.92	\$561.05	36.0	39.3	38.8	\$14.16	\$14.40	\$14.46

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2006	Revised December 2006	Preliminary January 2007	Net Change	
				Jan. 2006 Jan. 2007	Dec. 2006 Jan. 2007
Total Nonfarm	736.9	764.3	748.8	11.9	-15.5
Total Private	638.7	664.8	649.1	10.4	-15.7
Goods-Producing	121.4	124.6	124.0	2.6	-0.6
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	37.0	40.1	39.8	2.8	-0.3
Manufacturing	84.4	84.5	84.2	-0.2	-0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	57.8	57.9	58.1	0.3	0.2
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.6	4.3	4.2	-0.4	-0.1
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	7.5	7.8	7.7	0.2	-0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	19.7	20.0	20.1	0.4	0.1
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	26.6	26.6	26.1	-0.5	-0.5
Service-Providing	615.5	639.7	624.8	9.3	-14.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	151.9	160.1	153.8	1.9	-6.3
Wholesale Trade	36.4	37.4	37.0	0.6	-0.4
Retail Trade	84.8	90.4	85.5	0.7	-4.9
Food & Beverage Stores	11.3	12.5	12.1	0.8	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores	17.5	18.6	17.7	0.2	-0.9
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	30.7	32.3	31.3	0.6	-1.0
Information	19.6	20.0	19.8	0.2	-0.2
Financial Activities	45.3	46.2	45.6	0.3	-0.6
Finance & Insurance	34.6	35.4	34.9	0.3	-0.5
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	10.7	10.8	10.7	0.0	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	95.4	102.7	97.0	1.6	-5.7
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	35.6	37.8	37.3	1.7	-0.5
Management of Companies & Enterprises	7.3	7.9	7.4	0.1	-0.5
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	52.5	57.0	52.3	-0.2	-4.7
Educational & Health Services	102.2	104.5	104.2	2.0	-0.3
Educational Services	22.2	23.0	22.8	0.6	-0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	80.0	81.5	81.4	1.4	-0.1
Hospitals	27.4	27.7	27.6	0.2	-0.1
Leisure & Hospitality	73.2	76.0	74.1	0.9	-1.9
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	8.6	9.2	8.8	0.2	-0.4
Accommodation & Food Services	64.6	66.8	65.3	0.7	-1.5
Accommodation	11.7	11.8	11.8	0.1	0.0
Food Services & Drinking Places	52.9	55.0	53.5	0.6	-1.5
Other Services	29.7	30.7	30.6	0.9	-0.1
Government	98.2	99.5	99.7	1.5	0.2
Federal Government	11.4	11.5	11.5	0.1	0.0
State Government	28.4	28.9	29.2	0.8	0.3
Local Government	58.4	59.1	59.0	0.6	-0.1

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	December 2006	January 2007	December 2006	January 2007	December 2006	January 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	85,200	83,800	43,000	42,100	62,700	61,200
Total Private	67,000	65,800	37,500	36,800	50,900	49,400
Goods-Producing	17,800	17,400	11,400	11,400	14,600	14,400
Service-Providing	67,400	66,400	31,600	30,700	48,100	46,800
Private Service-Providing	49,200	48,400	26,100	25,400	36,300	35,000
Natural Resources/Construction	3,300	3,200	1,800	1,800	3,600	3,500
Manufacturing	14,500	14,200	9,600	9,600	11,000	10,900
Durable Goods	9,400	9,200	5,200	5,200	7,200	7,100
Nondurable Goods	5,100	5,000	4,400	4,400	3,800	3,800
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	16,500	16,100	7,800	7,600	13,300	12,900
Wholesale Trade	1,900	1,900	1,800	1,800	2,800	2,800
Retail Trade	11,900	11,500	4,800	4,600	8,000	7,600
General Merchandise Stores	3,600	3,500	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	2,700	2,700	1,200	1,200	2,500	2,500
Information	1,200	1,200	300	300	700	700
Financial Activities	2,700	2,600	1,700	1,700	1,800	1,800
Professional/Business Services	8,200	8,000	4,100	3,900	4,600	4,600
Educational/Health Services	9,300	9,300	5,800	5,600	8,400	7,700
Leisure/Hospitality	8,300	8,300	3,900	3,800	5,300	5,200
Other Services	3,000	2,900	2,500	2,500	2,200	2,100
Government	18,200	18,000	5,500	5,300	11,800	11,800
Federal Government	5,500	5,400	300	300	500	500
State Government	3,400	3,400	800	600	1,800	1,800
Local Government	9,300	9,200	4,400	4,400	9,500	9,500

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	December 2006	January 2007	December 2006	January 2007	December 2006	January 2007
	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.	Revised	Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	81,900	79,900	123,200	121,800	52,300	51,400
Total Private	65,400	64,100	106,800	105,700	45,200	44,400
Goods-Producing	14,200	13,900	32,800	32,800	17,900	17,600
Service-Providing	67,700	66,000	90,400	89,000	34,400	33,800
Private Service-Providing	51,200	50,200	74,000	72,900	27,300	26,800
Natural Resources/Construction	3,600	3,300	7,900	7,900	2,100	2,100
Manufacturing	10,600	10,600	24,900	24,900	15,800	15,500
Durable Goods	NA	NA	11,700	11,700	10,600	10,400
Nondurable Goods	NA	NA	13,200	13,200	NA	NA
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	14,000	13,800	25,700	25,100	10,500	10,400
Wholesale Trade	3,000	3,000	5,400	5,400	2,100	2,100
Retail Trade	9,700	9,500	15,800	15,100	5,600	5,500
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,300	1,300	4,500	4,600	2,800	2,800
Information	2,300	2,300	2,500	2,500	700	700
Financial Activities	4,800	4,700	4,200	4,200	2,000	2,000
Professional/Business Services	7,900	7,500	8,700	8,400	3,700	3,600
Educational/Health Services	11,400	11,300	16,800	16,800	5,400	5,200
Leisure/Hospitality	8,200	8,000	11,800	11,600	3,300	3,200
Other Services	2,600	2,600	4,300	4,300	1,700	1,700
Government	16,500	15,800	16,400	16,100	7,100	7,000
Federal Government	2,300	2,300	1,200	1,200	300	300
State Government	6,300	5,600	2,300	2,300	1,500	1,500
Local Government	7,900	7,900	12,900	12,600	5,300	5,200

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

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U.S. Consumer Price Index January 2007

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	202.4	2.1	0.3
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	197.6	1.8	0.2
South			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	195.0	1.8	0.1
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	191.7	1.5	-0.1

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Seasonally Adjusted)

